

## Selected data for the 28 EU Member States

**Table 1: Number of animals used for scientific purposes – 2017  
(Or year of the last available data)**

	<b>Number of procedures</b>	<b>%</b>
Germany	2 068 813	20,1%
Great Britain (2016)	2 022 683	19,6%
Northern Ireland	20 058	0,2%
France	1 914 174	18,6%
Spain	802 976	7,8%
Italy	580 073	5,6%
Belgium	543 094	5,3%
Netherlands (2016)	403 370	3,9%
Sweden (2016)	350 664	3,4%
Austria	264 071	2,6%
Ireland	242 302	2,4%
Denmark	238 537	2,3%
Czech Republic	230 772	2,2%
Hungary (2016)	170 075	1,7%
Poland	155 794	1,5%
Finland	102 575	1,0%
Greece	48 074	0,5%
Croatia	28 534	0,3%
Luxemburg	25 841	0,3%
Portugal (2014)	25 606	0,2%
Slovakia	15 612	0,2%
Romania	14 642	0,1%
Bulgaria	8 686	0,1%
Latvia	5 289	0,1%
Slovenia	5 142	0,0%
Estonia (2016)	3 726	0,0%
Lithuania	2 766	0,0%
Cyprus (2014)	640	0,0%
Malta	-	0,0%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10 294 589</b>	

*Note: table set up at the end of August 2019*

**Table 2: Number of « severe » procedures and percentage of the total number of procedures**

	<b>Number of severe procedures</b>	<b>%</b>
Germany	115 107	5,6%
Great Britain (2016)	114 052	5,6%
Northern Ireland	403	2,0%
France	326 444	17,1%
Spain	65 898	8,2%
Italy	89 936	15,5%
Belgium	84 762	15,6%
Netherlands (2016)	13 334	3,3%
Sweden (2016)	29 577	8,4%
Austria	21 380	8,1%
Ireland	70 596	29,1%
Denmark	1 762	0,7%
Czech Republic	na	
Hungary (2016)	13 931	8,2%
Poland	51 279	32,9%
Finland	8 739	8,5%
Greece	5 798	12,1%
Croatia	5 598	19,6%
Luxemburg	171	0,7%
Portugal (2014)	742	2,9%
Slovakia	354	2,3%
Romania	1 377	9,5%
Bulgaria	na	
Latvia	166	3,1%
Slovenia	na	
Estonia (2016)	403	23,3%
Lithuania	-	0,0%
Cyprus (2014)	-	0,0%
Malta		
<b>TOTAL</b>		

*Na: not available*

**Table 3: Number of non-human primates (NHP) used for scientific purposes and percentage of the total animals used for each of the 28 Member States**

	<b>Number of used non-human primates</b>	<b>%</b>
Germany	3 472	28,8%
Great Britain (2016)	3 569	29,6%
Northern Ireland	-	
France	3 746	31,1%
Spain	451	3,7%
Italy	587	4,9%
Belgium	44	0,4%
Netherlands (2016)	120	1,0%
Sweden (2016)	38	0,3%
Austria		
Ireland		
Denmark		
Czech Republic		
Hungary (2016)		
Poland	17	0,1%
Finland		
Greece	1	0,0%
Croatia		
Luxemburg		
Portugal (2014)		
Slovakia		
Romania		
Bulgaria		
Latvia		
Slovenia		
Estonia (2016)		
Lithuania		
Cyprus (2014)		
Malta		
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>12 045</b>	

**Table 4: Distribution by purpose of the animals used for scientific purposes – First 7 Member States (2017 or year of the last available data)**

	<b>Number</b>	<b>%</b>
<b>France</b>		
basic research	731 041	38,2%
translational/applied research	479 372	25,0%
regulatory	574 030	30,0%
higher education or training	35 512	1,9%
others	94 219	4,9%
<b>United kingdom (2016)</b>		
basic research	1 133 889	55,6%
translational/applied research	344 357	16,9%
regulatory	531 824	26,1%
higher education or training	1 438	0,1%
others	28 311	1,4%
<b>Germany</b>		
basic research	1 039 225	50,2%
translational/applied research	304 599	14,7%
regulatory	556 946	26,9%
higher education or training	53 121	2,6%
others	114 922	5,6%
<b>Italie</b>		
basic research	194 642	33,6%
translational/applied research	153 613	26,5%
regulatory	225 985	39,0%
higher education or training	1 598	0,3%
others	4 235	0,7%
<b>Spain</b>		
basic research	329 493	41,0%
translational/applied research	281 804	35,1%
regulatory	120 273	15,0%
higher education or training	11 785	1,5%
others	59 621	7,4%
<b>Belgium</b>		
basic research	272 795	50,2%
translational/applied research	117 278	21,6%
regulatory	141 853	26,1%
higher education or training	8 051	1,5%
others	3 117	0,6%
<b>Netherlands (2016)</b>		
basic research	131 599	32,6%
translational/applied research	107 748	26,7%
regulatory	142 733	35,4%
higher education or training	14 714	3,6%
others	6 576	1,6%